

dealing specifically with migrant agricultural workers, including title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, section 311 of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964, and the Farm Labor Contractor Registration Act of 1963."

79 Stat. 27.
20 USC 241a
note.
79 Stat. 977.
42 USC 2861.
78 Stat. 920.
7 USC 2041 note.

RESIDENCE REQUIREMENT

SEC. 6. Section 5 (a) of the Vocational Rehabilitation Act (29 U.S.C. sec. 35 (a)) is amended by striking out "and" after the semicolon at the end of paragraph (10), by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (11) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and", and by inserting after paragraph (11) the following new paragraph:

68 Stat. 656.

"(12) effective July 1, 1969, provide that no residence requirement will be imposed which excludes from services under the plan any individual who is present in the State."

MATCHING REQUIREMENT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

SEC. 7. Effective July 1, 1968, section 11 (h) (1) (B) of the Vocational Rehabilitation Act is amended by inserting "the District of Columbia," after "the allotment percentage for".

68 Stat. 661.
29 USC 41.

Approved October 3, 1967.

Public Law 90-100

AN ACT

Creating a commission to be known as the Commission on Obscenity and Pornography.

October 3, 1967
[S. 188]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Commission on
Obscenity and
Pornography.
Establishment.

FINDING OF FACT AND DECLARATION OF POLICY

SECTION 1. The Congress finds that the traffic in obscenity and pornography is a matter of national concern. The problem, however, is not one which can be solved at any one level of government. The Federal Government has a responsibility to investigate the gravity of this situation and to determine whether such materials are harmful to the public, and particularly to minors, and whether more effective methods should be devised to control the transmission of such materials. The State and local governments have an equal responsibility in the exercise of their regulatory powers and any attempts to control this transmission should be a coordinated effort at the various governmental levels. It is the purpose of this Act to establish an advisory commission whose purpose shall be, after a thorough study which shall include a study of the causal relationship of such materials to antisocial behavior, to recommend advisable, appropriate, effective, and constitutional means to deal effectively with such traffic in obscenity and pornography.

COMMISSION ON OBSCENITY AND PORNOGRAPHY

SEC. 2. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act, there is hereby created a commission to be known as the Commission on Obscenity and Pornography (hereinafter referred to as the "Commission"), whose members shall include persons having expert knowledge in the fields of obscenity and antisocial behavior, including but not limited to psychiatrists, sociologists, psy-

chologists, criminologists, jurists, lawyers, and others from organizations and professions who have special and practical competence or experience with respect to obscenity laws and their application to juveniles.

(b) **MEMBERSHIP OF THE COMMISSION.**—The Commission shall be composed of eighteen members appointed by the President.

(c) **VACANCIES.**—Any vacancy in the Commission shall be filled by appointment by the President.

(d) **ORGANIZATION OF COMMISSION.**—The Commission shall elect a Chairman and a Vice Chairman from among its members.

(e) **QUORUM.**—Ten members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum, but five members shall be sufficient for the purpose of taking testimony or interrogating witnesses.

COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION

SEC. 3. (a) MEMBERS EMPLOYED BY UNITED STATES.—Members of the Commission who are officers or full-time employees of the United States shall serve without compensation in addition to that received for their services as officers or employees of the United States; but they shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, for persons in the Government service employed intermittently.

(b) **OTHER MEMBERS.**—Members of the Commission who are not officers or full-time employees of the United States shall each receive \$75 per diem when engaged in the actual performance of duties vested in the Commission. In addition, they shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, for persons in the Government service employed intermittently.

STAFF OF THE COMMISSION

SEC. 4. Such personnel as the Commission deems necessary may be appointed by the Commission without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and may be paid without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subtitle III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates.

DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION

SEC. 5. (a) INVESTIGATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—It shall be the duty of the Commission—

(1) with the aid of leading constitutional law authorities, to analyze the laws pertaining to the control of obscenity and pornography; and to evaluate and recommend definitions of obscenity and pornography;

(2) to ascertain the methods employed in the distribution of obscene and pornographic materials and to explore the nature and volume of traffic in such materials;

(3) to study the effect of obscenity and pornography upon the public, and particularly minors, and its relationship to crime and other antisocial behavior; and

(4) to recommend such legislative, administrative, or other advisable and appropriate action as the Commission deems necessary to regulate effectively the flow of such traffic, without in any way interfering with constitutional rights.

80 Stat. 499.

80 Stat. 443, 467.
Ante, p. 199.
5 USC 5101 et
seq., 5331 et seq.

(b) **REPORT.**—The Commission shall report to the President and the Congress its findings and recommendations as soon as practicable and in no event later than January 31, 1970. The Commission shall cease to exist ten days following the submission of its final report.

POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

SEC. 6. (a) **HEARINGS AND SESSIONS.**—The Commission or, on the authorization of the Commission, any committee thereof, may, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Act, hold such hearings and sit and act at such times and such places within the United States as the Commission or such committee may deem advisable.

(b) **CONSULTATION.**—In carrying out its duties under the Act, the Commission shall consult with other Federal agencies, Governors, attorneys general, and other representatives of State and local government and private organizations to the extent feasible.

(c) **OBTAINING OFFICIAL DATA.**—The Commission is authorized to secure directly from any executive department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality, information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics for the purpose of this Act, and each such department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, establishment, or instrumentality is authorized and directed, to the extent permitted by law, to furnish such information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics directly to the Commission, upon request made by the Chairman or Vice Chairman.

(d) **OBTAINING SCIENTIFIC DATA.**—For the purpose of securing the necessary scientific data and information the Commission may make contracts with universities, research institutions, foundations, laboratories, hospitals, and other competent public or private agencies to conduct research on the causal relationship of obscene material and antisocial behavior. For such purpose, the Commission is authorized to obtain the services of experts and consultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code.

Approved October 3, 1967.

80 Stat. 416.

Public Law 90-101

JOINT RESOLUTION

To authorize and request the President to issue a proclamation commemorating fifty years of service to the Nation by the Langley Research Center.

October 3, 1967
[S. J. Res. 109]

Whereas this calendar year marks the fiftieth anniversary of the establishment in 1917 of the Langley Research Center at Hampton, Virginia; and

Whereas the Langley Research Center of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, for forty-one years a facility of the former National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, has provided a continuing technological basis for significant advances in military and commercial aviation; and

Whereas pioneering scientific investigations conducted by the Langley Research Center contributed to the development over the years of unique facilities, research techniques, and the technical competence required to establish and maintain this country's leadership in aeronautics; and

Whereas the Langley Research Center was the birthplace of Project Mercury—the first United States manned space flight project; and