

Public Law 98-422
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Redesignating the Saint Croix Island National Monument in the State of Maine as the "Saint Croix Island International Historic Site".

Sept. 25, 1984

[S.J. Res. 25]

Whereas in the summer of 1604, a small French expedition led by Sieur de Monts established the first European settlement in the northern half of North America on what is now Saint Croix Island, on the Saint Croix River, in the State of Maine;

Whereas pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the establishment of the Saint Croix Island National Monument in the State of Maine" (approved June 8, 1949), portions of Saint Croix Island of national historical importance were established as the Saint Croix Island National Monument, a unit of the National Park System;

16 USC 450hh-450hh-2.

Whereas the historic settlement on Saint Croix Island marked the beginning of European colonization of Canada, from which the French embarked to establish the settlement which became Quebec; and

Whereas Saint Croix Island is important to the history of the people of Canada as well as that of the people of the United States: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) in recognition of its historic significance to the United States and Canada, the Saint Croix Island National Monument in the State of Maine is hereby redesignated as the "Saint Croix Island International Historic Site".

16 USC 450hh-1 note.

(b) Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, record, or other paper of the United States to such monument shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Saint Croix Island International Historic Site".

(c) Nothing in this joint resolution shall affect the status of the "Saint Croix Island International Historic Site" as a national monument and a unit of the National Park System.

Approved September 25, 1984.

Whereas in the summer of 1791, a small French expedition led by
 Sieur de Montcalm established the first European settlement in the
 northern part of North America on what is now Saint Croix
 Island on the Saint Croix River in the State of Maine;
 Whereas pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the
 establishment of the Saint Croix Island National Monument in
 the State of Maine," (approved June 8, 1949), portions of Saint
 Croix Island of national historical importance were established as
 the Saint Croix Island National Monument, a unit of the National
 Park System;
 Whereas the historic settlement on Saint Croix Island marked the
 beginning of European colonization of Canada, from which the
 French embarked to establish the settlement which became
 Quebec; and
 Whereas Saint Croix Island is important to the history of the people
 of Canada as well as that of the people of the United States; Now,
 therefore, be it
 Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
 United States of America in Congress assembled, That in a report
 of the historic significance to the United States and Canada,
 the Saint Croix Island Historic Site in the State of Maine is
 hereby redesignated as the "Saint Croix Island International Historic
 Site".
 (b) Any reference in a law, map, registration, document, record, or
 other paper of the United States to such monument shall be deemed
 to be a reference to the "Saint Croix Island International Historic
 Site".

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 25:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-720 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
 SENATE REPORT No. 98-8 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
 CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 129 (1983): Mar. 2, considered and passed Senate.

Vol. 130 (1984): Apr. 30, considered and passed House, amended.

Aug. 9, Senate concurred in House amendment with an amend-
 ment.

Sept. 6, House concurred in Senate amendment.