Public Law 85-172

#### AN ACT

August 28, 1957 [S. 1747]

To provide for the compulsory inspection by the United States Department of . Agriculture of poultry and poultry products.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Poultry Products Inspection Act."

#### LEGISLATIVE FINDING

Sec. 2. Wholesome poultry products are an important source of the Nation's total supply of food. Such products are consumed throughout the Nation and substantial quantities thereof move in interstate and foreign commerce. Unwholesome and adulterated poultry products in the channels of interstate or foreign commerce, are injurious to the public welfare, adversely affect the marketing of wholesome poultry products, result in sundry losses to producers, and destroy markets for wholesome poultry products. The marketing of wholesome poultry products is affected with the public interest and directly affects the welfare of the people. All poultry and poultry products which have or are required to have inspection under this Act are either in the current of interstate or foreign commerce or directly affect such commerce. That part that enters directly into the current of interstate or foreign commerce cannot be effectively inspected and regulated without also inspecting and regulating all poultry and poultry products processed or handled in the same establishment.

The great volume of poultry products required as an article of food for the inhabitants of large centers of population may directly affect the movement of poultry and poultry products in interstate commerce. To protect interstate commerce in poultry and poultry products inspected for wholesomeness, from being adversely burdened, obstructed, or affected by uninspected poultry or poultry products, major consuming areas where poultry or poultry products are handled or consumed in such volume as to affect the movement of inspected poultry or poultry products in interstate commerce should be designated by the Secretary pursuant to the provisions of

#### DECLARATION OF POLICY

Sec. 3. It is hereby declared to be the policy of Congress to provide for the inspection of poultry and poultry products by the inspection service as herein provided to prevent the movement in interstate or foreign commerce or in a designated major consuming area of poultry products which are unwholesome, adulterated, or otherwise unfit for human food.

# DEFINITIONS

Sec. 4. For purposes of this Act—
(a) The term "commerce" means commerce between any State, Territory, or possession, or the District of Columbia, and any place outside thereof; or between points within the same State or the District of Columbia, but through any place outside thereof; or within the District of Columbia.

(b) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.(c) The term "person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, or any other business unit.

(d) The term "poultry" means any live or slaughtered domesti-

cated bird.

(e) The term "poultry product" means any poultry which has been slaughtered for human food from which the blood, feathers, feet, head, and viscera have been removed in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary, any edible part of poultry, or, unless exempted by the Secretary, any human food product consisting of any edible part of poultry separately or in combination with other ingredients.

(f) The term "wholesome" means sound, healthful, clean, and

otherwise fit for human food.

(g) The term "unwholesome" means:

(1) Unsound, injurious to health, or otherwise rendered unfit for human food.

(2) Consisting in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid, or decom-

posed substance.

(3) Processed, prepared, packed, or held under unsanitary conditions whereby a poultry carcass or parts thereof or any poultry product may have become contaminated with filth or whereby a poultry product may have been rendered injurious to health.

(4) Produced in whole or in part from poultry which has died

otherwise than by slaughter.

(5) Packaged in a container composed of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the contents injurious to health.

(h) The term "adulterated" shall apply to poultry and poultry

products under one or more of the following circumstances:

(1) If they bear or contain any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render them injurious to health; but, in case the substance is not an added substance, such poultry and poultry products shall not be considered adulterated under this clause if the quantity of such substance in such poultry and poultry products does not ordinarily render

them injurious to health.

- (2) If they bear or contain any added poisonous or added deleterious substance, unless such substance is permitted in their production or unavoidable under good manufacturing practices as may be determined by rules and regulations hereunder prescribed by the Secretary or other provisions of Federal law limiting or tolerating the quantity of such added substance on or in such poultry and poultry products: *Provided*, That any quantity of such added substance exceeding the limits so fixed shall also be deemed to constitute adulteration.
- (3) If any substance has been substituted, wholly or in part, therefor.

(4) If damage or inferiority has been concealed in any manner.(5) If any valuable constituent has been in whole or in part omitted or abstracted therefrom.

(6) If any substance has been added thereto or mixed or packed therewith so as to increase its bulk or weight, or reduce its quality or strength, or make it appear better or of greater value than it is.

(i) The term "inspector" means: (1) an employee or official of the United States Government authorized by the Secretary to inspect poultry and poultry products under the authority of this Act, or (2) any employee or official of any State government authorized by the Secretary to inspect poultry and poultry products under authority of this Act, under an agreement entered into between the Secretary and the appropriate State agency.

(j) The term "official inspection mark" means the symbol, formulated pursuant to rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary,

stating that the product was inspected.

(k) The term "inspection service" means the official Government service within the Department of Agriculture designated by the Secretary as having the responsibility for carrying out the provisions of this Act.

(1) The terms "container" or "package" include any box, can, tin,

cloth, plastic, or any other receptacle, wrapper, or cover.

(m) The term "official establishment" means any establishment as determined by the Secretary at which inspection of the slaughter of poultry, or the processing of poultry products, is maintained under the authority of this Act.

(n) The term "label" means any written, printed, or graphic material upon the shipping container, if any, or upon the immediate container, including but not limited to an individual consumer package,

of the poultry product, or accompanying such product.

(o) The term "shipping container" means any container used or intended for use in packaging the product packed in an immediate

container.

(p) The term "immediate container" includes any consumer package; or any other container in which poultry carcasses or poultry products, not consumer packaged, are packed.

#### DESIGNATION

Sec. 5. Upon application by any appropriate State or local official or agency of a substantial portion of any major consuming area or upon application by an appropriate local poultry industry group in such an area, where the Secretary has reason to believe that poultry or poultry products are handled or consumed in such volume as to affect, burden, or obstruct the movement of inspected poultry products in interstate commerce, the Secretary shall conduct a public hearing to ascertain whether or not it will tend to effectuate the purposes of this Act for such area to be subject to the provisions of this Act. If after public hearing the Secretary finds that poultry or poultry products are handled or consumed in such volume as to affect, burden, or obstruct the movement of inspected poultry products in commerce and that the designation of such area will tend to effectuate the purposes of this Act, he shall by order designate such area and prescribe the provisions of this Act which shall be applicable thereto and grant such exemptions therefrom as he determines practicable. Such designation shall not become effective until six months after the notice thereof is published in the Federal Register. On and after the effective date of such designation, all poultry and poultry products processed, sold, received, or delivered in any such area shall be subject to the provisions of this Act.

Publication in

# ANTE MORTEM AND POST MORTEM INSPECTION, REINSPECTION, AND QUARANTINE

Sec. 6. (a) For the purpose of preventing the entry into or flow or movement in commerce or a designated major consuming area of any poultry product which is unwholesome or adulterated, the Secretary shall, where and to the extent considered by him necessary, cause to be made by inspectors ante mortem inspection of poultry in any official establishment processing poultry or poultry products for commerce or in, or for marketing in a designated city or area.

(b) The Secretary, whenever processing operations are being conducted, shall cause to be made by inspectors post mortem inspection of the carcass of each bird processed, and at any time such quarantine, segregation, reinspection as he deems necessary of poultry and poultry products in each official establishment processing such poultry or poultry products for commerce or in, or for marketing in a designated city or area.

(c) All poultry carcasses and parts thereof and poultry products found to be unwholesome or adulterated shall be condemned and shall, if no appeal be taken from such determination of condemnation, be destroyed for human food purposes under the supervision of an inspector: Provided, That carcasses, parts, and products, which may by reprocessing be made not unwholesome and not adulterated, need not be so condemned and destroyed if so reprocessed under the supervision of an inspector and thereafter found to be not unwholesome and not adulterated. If an appeal be taken from such determination, the carcasses, parts, or products shall be appropriately marked and segregated pending completion of an appeal inspection, which appeal shall be at the cost of the appellant if the Secretary determines that the appeal is frivolous. If the determination of condemnation is sustained the carcasses, parts, and products shall be destroyed for human food purposes under the supervision of an inspector.

## SANITATION, FACILITIES, AND PRACTICES

SEC. 7. (a) Each official establishment slaughtering poultry or processing poultry products for commerce or in or for marketing in a designated major consuming area shall have such premises, facilities, and equipment, and be operated in accordance with such sanitary practices, as are required by regulations promulgated by the Secretary for the purpose of preventing the entry into or flow or movement in commerce or in a designated major consuming area, of poultry products which are unwholesome or adulterated.

(b) The Secretary shall refuse to render inspection to any establishment whose premises, facilities, or equipment, or the operation

thereof, fail to meet the requirements of this section.

#### LABELING

Sec. 8. (a) Each shipping container of any poultry product inspected under the authority of this Act and found to be wholesome and not adulterated, shall at the time such product leaves the official establishment bear, in distinctly legible form, the official inspection mark and the approved plant number of the official establishment in which the contents were processed. Each immediate container of any poultry product inspected under the authority of this Act and found to be wholesome and not adulterated shall at the time such product leaves the official establishment bear, in addition to the official inspection mark, in distinctly legible form, the name of the product, a statement of ingredients if fabricated from two or more ingredients including a declaration as to artificial flavors, colors, or preservatives, if any, the net weight or other appropriate measure of the contents, the name and address of the processor and the approved plant number of the official establishment in which the contents were processed. The name and address of the distributor may be used in lieu of the name and address of the processor if the approved plant number is used to identify the official establishment in which the poultry product was prepared and packed. The Secretary may permit reasonable variations and grant exemptions from the foregoing labeling requirements in any manner not in conflict with the purposes of this Act.

(b) The use of any written, printed or graphic matter upon or accompanying any poultry product inspected or required to be inspected pursuant to the provisions of this Act or the container thereof which is false or misleading in any particular is prohibited. No poultry products inspected or required to be inspected pursuant to the provisions of this Act shall be sold or offered for sale by any person, firm, or corporation under any false or deceptive name; but estab-

lished trade name or names which are usual to such products and which are not false and deceptive and which shall be approved by the Secretary are permitted. If the Secretary has reason to believe that any label in use or prepared for use is false or misleading in any particular, he may direct that the use of the label be withheld unless it is modified in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe so that it will not be false or misleading. If the person using or proposing to use the label does not accept the determination of the Secretary, he may request a hearing, but the use of the label shall, if the Secretary so directs, be withheld pending hearing and final determination by the Secretary. Any such determination by the Secretary shall be conclusive unless within thirty days after the receipt of notice of such final determination the person adversely affected thereby appeals to the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which he has his principal place of business or to the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit. The provisions of section 204 of the Packers and Stockyards Act of 1921, as amended, shall be applicable to appeals taken under this section.

42 Stat. 162. 7 USC 194.

#### PROHIBITED ACTS

SEC. 9. The following acts or the causing thereof are hereby

prohibited:

(a) The processing, sale or offering for sale, transportation, or delivery or receiving for transportation, in commerce or in a designated major consuming area of any poultry product, unless such poultry product has been inspected for wholesomeness and unless the shipping container, if any, and the immediate container are marked in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

(b) The sale or other disposition for human food of any poultry or poultry product which has been inspected and declared to be unwhole-

some or adulterated under this Act.

(c) Falsely making or issuing, altering, forging, simulating, or counterfeiting any official inspection certificate, memorandum, mark, or other identification, or device for making such mark or identification, used in connection with the inspection of poultry or poultry products under this Act, or causing, procuring, aiding, assisting in, or being a party to, such false making, issuing, altering, forging, simulating, or counterfeiting, or knowingly possessing, without promptly notifying the Secretary of Agriculture or his representative, uttering, publishing, or using as true, or causing to be uttered, published, or used as true, any such falsely made or issued, altered, forged, simulated, or counterfeited official inspection certificate, memorandum, mark, or other identification, or device for making such mark or identification, or representing that any poultry or poultry product has been officially inspected under the authority of this Act when such poultry or poultry product has in fact not been so inspected.

(d) Using in commerce, or in a designated major consuming area,

a false or misleading label on any poultry product.

(e) The use of any container bearing an official inspection mark except for the poultry product in the original form in which it was inspected and covered by said mark unless the mark is removed, obliterated, or otherwise destroyed.

(f) The refusal to permit access by any duly authorized representative of the Secretary, at all reasonable times, to the premises of an establishment engaged in processing poultry or poultry products for commerce, or in or for marketing in a designated major consuming area, upon presentation of appropriate credentials.

(g) The refusal to permit access to and the copying of any record

as authorized by section 11 of this Act.

(h) The using by any person to his own advantage, or revealing, other than to the authorized representatives of the Government in their official capacity, or to the courts when relevant in any judicial proceeding under this Act, any information acquired under the authority of this Act, concerning any matter which as a trade secret is entitled

to protection.

(i) Delivering, receiving, transporting, selling, or offering for sale or transport for human consumption any slaughtered poultry or any part thereof, separately or in combination with other ingredients (other than poultry products as defined in this Act), in commerce or from an official establishment or in a designated major consuming area, except as may be authorized by and pursuant to rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

#### COMPLETE COVERAGE OF OFFICIAL ESTABLISHMENTS

SEC. 10. No establishment processing poultry or poultry products for commerce or in or for marketing in a designated major consuming area shall process any poultry or poultry product except in compliance with the requirements of this Act.

#### RECORDS OF INTERSTATE SHIPMENT

Sec. 11. For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Act, persons engaged in the business of processing, transporting, shipping, or receiving poultry slaughtered for human consumption or poultry products in commerce or in a designated major consuming area, or holding such products so received shall maintain records showing, to the extent that they are concerned therewith, the receipt, delivery, sale, movement, or disposition of poultry and poultry products and shall, upon the request of a duly authorized representative of the Secretary, permit him at reasonable times to have access to and to copy all such records. Any record required to be maintained by this section shall be maintained for a period of two years after the transaction, which is the subject of such record, has taken place.

#### PENALTIES

Sec. 12. (a) Any person who violates the provisions of section 9, 10, 11, or 17, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall on conviction thereof be subject to imprisonment for not more than six months, or a fine of not more than \$3,000, or both such imprisonment and fine; but if such violation is committed after one conviction of such person under this section has become final such person shall be subject to imprisonment for not more than one year, or a fine of not more than \$5,000, or both such imprisonment and fine; but if such violation is committed after two or more convictions of such person under this section have become final such person shall be subject to imprisonment for not more than two years, or a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both such imprisonment and fine. When construing or enforcing the provisions of said sections the act, omission, or failure of any person acting for or employed by any individual, partnership, corporation, or association within the scope of his employment or office shall in every case be deemed the act, omission, or failure of such individual, partnership, corporation, or association, as well as of such person.

(b) No carrier shall be subject to the penalties of this Act, other than the penalties for violation of section 11, by reason of his receipt, carriage, holding, or delivery, in the usual course of business, as a carrier, of slaughtered poultry or poultry products, owned by another person unless the carrier has knowledge, or is in possession of facts

which would cause a reasonable person to believe that such slaughtered poultry or poultry products were not inspected or marked in accordance with the provisions of this Act or were not otherwise eligible for transportation under this Act.

#### REPORTING OF VIOLATIONS

Sec. 13. Before any violation of this Act is reported by the Secretary to any United States attorney for institution of a criminal proceeding, the person against whom such proceeding is contemplated shall be given reasonable notice of the alleged violation and opportunity to present his views orally or in writing with regard to such contemplated proceeding. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as requiring the Secretary to report for criminal prosecution violations of this Act whenever he believes that the public interest will be adequately served and compliance with the Act obtained by a suitable written notice or warning.

### REGULATIONS

SEC. 14. The Secretary shall promulgate such rules and regulations as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

# EXEMPTIONS

Sec. 15. (a) The Secretary shall, by regulation and under such conditions as to sanitary standards, practices, and procedures as he may prescribe, exempt from specific provisions of this Act—

(1) poultry producers with respect to poultry of their own raising on their own farms which they sell directly to household consumers or restaurants, hotels, and boarding houses for use in their own dining rooms or in the preparation of meals for sales direct to consumers only: *Provided*, That such poultry producers do not engage in buying or selling poultry products other than those produced from poultry raised on their own farms;

(2) retail dealers with respect to poultry products sold directly to consumers in individual retail stores, if the only processing operation performed by such retail dealers is the cutting up of poultry products on the premises where such sales to consumers are made:

(3) for such period of time as the Secretary determines that it would be impracticable to provide inspection and the exemption will aid in the effective administration of this Act, any person engaged in the processing of poultry or poultry products for commerce and the poultry or poultry products processed by such person: *Provided*, *however*, That no such exemption shall continue in effect on and after July 1, 1960; and

(4) persons slaughtering, processing, or otherwise handling poultry or poultry products which have been or are to be processed as required by recognized religious dietary laws, to the extent that the Secretary determines necessary to avoid conflict with such requirements while still effectuating the purposes of this Act.

(b) The Secretary may by order suspend or terminate any exemption under this section with respect to any person whenever he finds that such action will aid in effectuating the purposes of this Act.

#### VIOLATIONS BY EXEMPTED PERSONS

Sec. 16. Any person who sells, delivers, transports or offers for sale or transportation in commerce or in a designated major consuming area any poultry or poultry products which are exempt under section 15, and which are unwholesome or adulterated and are intended for human consumption, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall on conviction thereof be subject to the penalties set forth in section 12.

#### IMPORTS

Sec. 17. (a) No slaughtered poultry, or parts or products thereof, of any kind shall be imported into the United States unless they are healthful, wholesome, fit for human food, not adulterated, and contain no dye, chemical, preservative, or ingredient which renders them unhealthful, unwholesome, adulterated, or unfit for human food and unless they also comply with the rules and regulations made by the Secretary of Agriculture to assure that imported poultry or poultry products comply with the standards provided for in this Act. All imported, slaughtered poultry, or parts or products thereof, shall after entry into the United States in compliance with such rules and regulations be deemed and treated as domestic slaughtered poultry, or parts or products thereof, within the meaning and subject to the provisions of this Act and the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, and Acts amendatory of, supplemental to, or in substitution for such Acts.

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to make rules and regulations to carry out the purposes of this section and in such rules and regulations the Secretary of Agriculture may prescribe the terms and conditions for the destruction of all slaughtered poultry, or parts or products thereof, offered for entry and refused admission into the United States unless such slaughtered poultry, or parts or products thereof, be exported by the consignee within the time fixed therefor in

such rules and regulations.

(c) All charges for storage, cartage, and labor with respect to any product which is refused admission pursuant to this section shall be paid by the owner or consignee, and in default of such payment shall constitute a lien against any other products imported thereafter by or for such owner or consignee.

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 18. (a) For the purpose of preventing and eliminating burdens on commerce in poultry and poultry products, the jurisdiction of the Secretary within the scope of this Act shall be exclusive and poultry and poultry products shall be exempt from the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as amended, to the extent of the application or the extension thereto of the provisions of this Act.

(b) In carrying out the provisions of this Act, the Secretary may cooperate with other branches of Government and with State agencies and may conduct such examinations, investigations, and inspections as he determines practicable through any officer or employee of a State

commissioned by the Secretary for such purpose.

#### COST OF INSPECTION

Sec. 19. The cost of inspection rendered under the requirements of this Act, shall be borne by the United States, except that the cost of overtime and holiday work performed in establishments subject to the provisions of this Act at such rates as the Secretary may determine shall be borne by such establishments. Sums received by the Secre-

52 Stat. 1040. 21 USC 301.

21 USC 301.

tary in reimbursement for sums paid out by him for such premium pay work shall be available without fiscal year limitation to carry out the purposes of this section.

#### APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 20. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

#### SEPARABILITY OF PROVISIONS

Sec. 21. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of the Act and of the application of such provision to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE

Sec. 22. This Act shall take effect upon enactment, except that no person shall be subject to the provisions of this Act prior to January 1, 1959, unless such person after January 1, 1958, applies for and receives inspection for poultry or poultry products in accordance with the provisions of this Act and pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Secretary hereunder, in any establishment processing poultry or poultry products in commerce or in a designated major consuming area. Any person who voluntarily applies for and receives such inspection after January 1, 1958, shall be subject, on and after the date he commences to receive such inspection, to all of the provisions and penalties provided for in this Act with respect to all poultry or poultry products handled in the establishment for which such said application for inspection is made.

Approved August 28, 1957.

Public Law 85-173

#### AN ACT

To provide for the conveyance of certain lands of the United States to the city of Gloucester, Massachusetts.

August 28, 1957 [S. 1113]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Administrator, General Services Administration is authorized and directed to convey by quitclaim deed to the city of Gloucester, Massachusetts, the following described property:

All that tract of land known as Ten Pound Island, with improvements thereon, lying in Gloucester Harbor, county of Essex, Commonwealth of Massachusetts, ceded to the United States by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts on June 14, 1820, and also conveyed by the town of Gloucester, Massachusetts, by quitclaim deed dated July 14, 1820, and recorded in book C, page 189, records of Essex County, excepting a parcel to be retained by the United States for aids-to-navigation purposes, described as follows:

Beginning at a drill hole in ledge located 18 feet north 80 degrees 00 minutes west from center of the existing light tower, thence (1) north 62 degrees 00 minutes west 30.0 feet to a point, thence (2) south 28 degrees 00 minutes west 30.0 feet to a point, thence (3) south 62 degrees 00 minutes east 30.0 feet to a point, thence (4) north 28 degrees 00 minutes east 30.0 feet to the point of beginning.

Together with an easement from the shore to the retained plot of land above described for power and control cables and the right of

Gloucester, Mass. Conveyance.