

Public Law 89-22

May 21, 1965
[H. R. 7064]

AN ACT

To amend the Foreign Service Buildings Act of 1926, as amended.

Saigon chancery.
Construction.

44 Stat. 404.

Appropriation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 of the Foreign Service Buildings Act of 1926, as amended (22 U.S.C. 295), is further amended by adding the following new subsection:

“(e) For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this Act in South Vietnam, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, in addition to amounts previously authorized prior to the enactment of this amendment, \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended.”

Approved May 21, 1965.

Public Law 89-23

May 22, 1965
[S. 701]

AN ACT

To carry out the obligations of the United States under the International Coffee Agreement, 1962, signed at New York on September 28, 1962, and for other purposes.

International
Coffee Agreement
Act, 1965.
Regulations.
14 UST 1911.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the “International Coffee Agreement Act of 1965”.

SEC. 2. On and after the entry into force of the International Coffee Agreement, 1962, and for such period prior to October 1, 1968, as the agreement remains in effect, or until the Congress by concurrent resolution determines that an unwarranted increase in the price of coffee has occurred, the President is authorized, in order to carry out the provisions of that agreement—

(1) to regulate the entry of coffee for consumption, or withdrawal of coffee from warehouse for consumption, including (A) the limitation of entry, or withdrawal from warehouse, of coffee imported from countries which are not members of the International Coffee Organization, and (B) the prohibition of entry of any shipment from any member of the International Coffee Organization of coffee which is not accompanied by a certificate of origin or a certificate of reexport, issued by a qualified agency in such form as required under the agreement;

(2) to require that every export or reexport of coffee from the United States shall be accompanied by a certificate of origin or a certificate of reexport, issued by a qualified agency of the United States designated by him, in such form as required under the agreement;

(3) to require the keeping of such records, statistics, and other information, and the rendering of such reports, relating to the importation, distribution, prices, and consumption of coffee as he may from time to time prescribe; and

(4) to take such other action, and issue and enforce such rules and regulations, as he may consider necessary or appropriate in order to implement the obligations of the United States under the agreement.

SEC. 3. As used in section 2 of this Act, “coffee” means coffee as defined in article 2 of the International Coffee Agreement, 1962.

SEC. 4. The President may exercise any powers and duties conferred on him by this Act through such agency or officer as he shall direct. The powers and duties conferred by this Act shall be exercised in the

“Coffee.”

Presidential
powers and duties.

manner the President considers appropriate to protect the interests of United States consumers.

SEC. 5. The President shall submit to the Congress an annual report on the International Coffee Agreement, 1962. Such report shall contain full information on the operation of such agreement, including full information with respect to the general level of prices of coffee. The report shall also include a summary of the actions the United States and the International Coffee Organization have taken to protect the interests of United States consumers. Such annual report shall be submitted not later than January 15 of each year. The first such report shall be submitted not later than January 15, 1966.

Report to
Congress.

SEC. 6. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated from time to time such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act, including the necessary expenses and contributions of the United States in connection with the administration of the International Coffee Agreement, 1962. The amount of the contributions of the United States to administer the agreement for any period shall not exceed 20 per centum of the total contributions assessed for such period to administer the agreement, nor shall such amount exceed \$150,000 for any fiscal year.

Appropriation.

SEC. 7. The joint resolution of April 11, 1941, entitled "Joint resolution to carry out the obligations of the United States under the Inter-American Coffee Agreement, signed at Washington on November 28, 1940, and for other purposes" (19 U.S.C. 1355 and 1356) is repealed.

Repeal.

SEC. 8. This Act will not become effective until the President makes a determination and reports the determination to the Congress that, in his judgment, it will not result in an unwarranted increase in coffee prices to United States consumers.

55 Stat. 133,
1143.
Effective date.

Approved May 22, 1965.

Public Law 89-24

AN ACT

To authorize the Board of Parole of the District of Columbia to discharge a parolee from supervision prior to the expiration of the maximum term or terms for which he was sentenced.

May 22, 1965
[H. R. 66]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to establish a Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole for the District of Columbia and to determine its functions, and for other purposes", approved July 15, 1932, as amended (sec. 24-204, District of Columbia Code, 1961 edition), is amended by inserting "(a)" immediately after "SEC. 4." and by adding a new subsection at the end of section 4 to read as follows:

D.C.
Parolees under
supervision,
discharge.

61 Stat. 378.

"(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the Board of Parole may, subject to the approval of the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia, promulgate rules and regulations under which the Board of Parole, in its discretion, may discharge a parolee from supervision prior to the expiration of the maximum term or terms for which he was sentenced."

SEC. 2. Nothing in this Act shall be construed so as to affect the authority vested in the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia by Reorganization Plan Numbered 5 of 1952 (66 Stat. 824). The performance of any function vested by this Act in the Board of Commissioners or in any office or agency under the jurisdiction and control of said Board of Commissioners may be delegated by said Board of Commissioners in accordance with section 3 of such plan.

D.C. Code
Title 1, app.

Approved May 22, 1965.