

Public Law 89-70

AN ACT

July 8, 1965
[H. R. 5283]

To provide for the inclusion of years of service as judge of the District Court for the Territory of Alaska in the computation of years of Federal judicial service for judges of the United States District Court for the District of Alaska.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, any service as a judge of the District Court for the Territory of Alaska shall be included in computing under sections 371 and 372 of title 28, United States Code, the aggregate years of judicial service of a United States district judge for the district of Alaska.

68 Stat. 12;
71 Stat. 586.

Approved July 8, 1965.

Public Law 89-71

AN ACT

July 9, 1965
[H. R. 3415]

To equalize certain penalties in the Intercoastal Shipping Act, 1933.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last paragraph of section 2 of the Intercoastal Shipping Act, 1933 (46 U.S.C. 844), is hereby amended to read as follows:

47 Stat. 1425.

“Whoever violates any provision of this section shall be liable to a penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each day such violation continues, to be recovered by the United States in a civil action.”

Approved July 9, 1965.

Public Law 89-72

AN ACT

July 9, 1965
[S. 1229]

To provide uniform policies with respect to recreation and fish and wildlife benefits and costs of Federal multiple-purpose water resource projects, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it is the policy of the Congress and the intent of this Act that (a) in investigating and planning any Federal navigation, flood control, reclamation, hydroelectric, or multiple-purpose water resource project, full consideration shall be given to the opportunities, if any, which the project affords for outdoor recreation and for fish and wildlife enhancement and that, wherever any such project can reasonably serve either or both of these purposes consistently with the provisions of this Act, it shall be constructed, operated, and maintained accordingly; (b) planning with respect to the development of the recreation potential of any such project shall be based on the coordination of the recreational use of the project area with the use of existing and planned Federal, State, or local public recreation developments; and (c) project construction agencies shall encourage non-Federal public bodies to administer project land and water areas for recreation and fish and wildlife enhancement purposes and operate, maintain, and replace facilities provided for those purposes unless such areas or facilities are included or proposed for inclusion within a national recreation area, or are appropriate for administration by a Federal agency as a

Federal Water
Project Recrea-
tion Act.